TexNet: internet and weather

Digital Communications and Packet Radio
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Topic List

- w Weather Service topics
- u Demand for Packet by Austin ARES
- u TexNet network code development
- u Internet trunking for TexNet network
- u Questions and Answers

TexNet weather servers status

- u TULWX operational
- u NWS being relocated again
- u BROWX operational
- u STXWX under construction
- u EMWIN CARDINAL server development

EMWIN status

- u EMWIN now fed at 9600b from satellite
- u EMWIN local feeds locally filtered
- u Satellite failure in May 1998
- u GOES satellite alternative

EMWIN WWW URL

- http://www.nws.noaa.gov/oso/oso1/oso12/document/emwin.htm
- u http://www.amrad.org/skywarn.html

APRS and TexNet and Weather

- u development effort to use APRS to aid weather spotting and reporting
- development effort to use TexNet to aid in networking of APRS, particularly weather spotting and reporting
- u growing array of APRS weather stations, including those at TexNet nodes

WinAPRS and weather mapping

- WinAPRS is being oriented towards NWS alerting, mapping, and spotting
- winAPRS street level maps available for almost all counties in the US. These are large files and require much memory

Packet use in ARES in Austin

- u One packet message never sent
- u ARESDATA used in casualty exercises
- u Demand for Packet operators and portables
- u packet node under construction for ARES

TexNet net code development

- u Vers 1.74 is current, 1.72 useable
- u Vers 1.75 under development, still buggy
- u NCP or NCPPC platform
- u TNC2 platform
- u TNC2 dualport platform

TexNet vers 1.75 goals

- u TNC3 platform, 4 ports
- u APRS tracker, digi, etc. WIDE-N repeat
- u DXC reconnect fix
- u Telemetry
- u Internet trunking or KISS interface
- Won't drive PMS disk (memory bankswitching being investigated here)

TexNet over the Horizon

- Port Cardinal, Weather servers, etc toLINUX systems
- u Port TexNet layer 3 Net Code to Linux
- Add many applications to TexNet under LINUX when layer 3 is moved there
- u Allow for using newer PC hardware
- u Eventual interface with Amateur S.S. nets

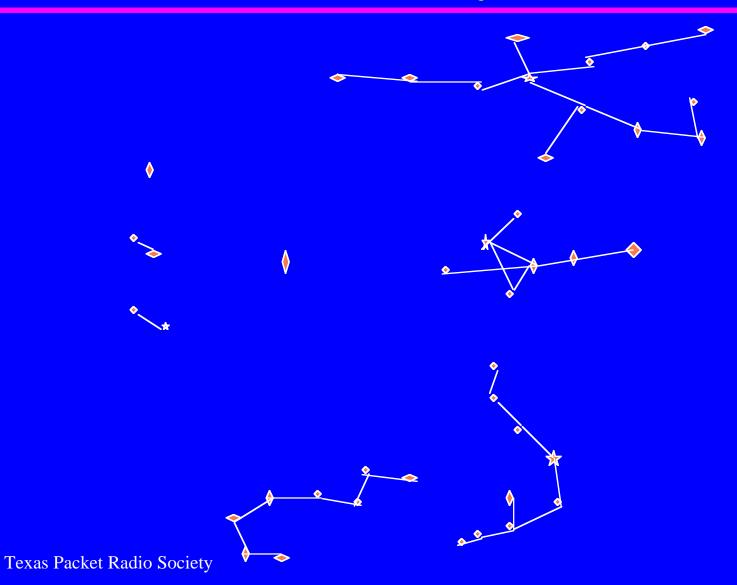
Internet Trunking for TexNet

Using the internet to supply new trunk paths to connect various sections of TexNet together

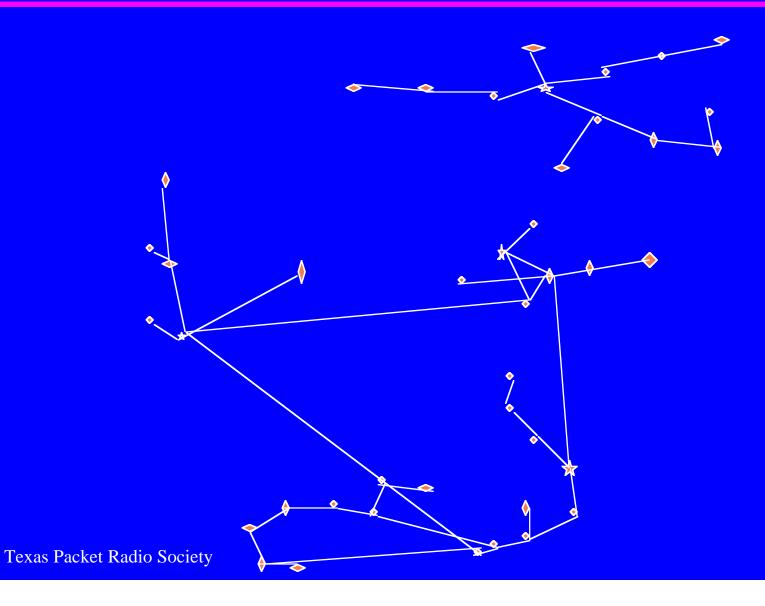
Why the internet, why not radio?

- Wireline availability reduced as times change
- u Internet is available, technology is off the shelf, we just apply it to our situation
- u Economic realities
- u Reliability issues of the three methods

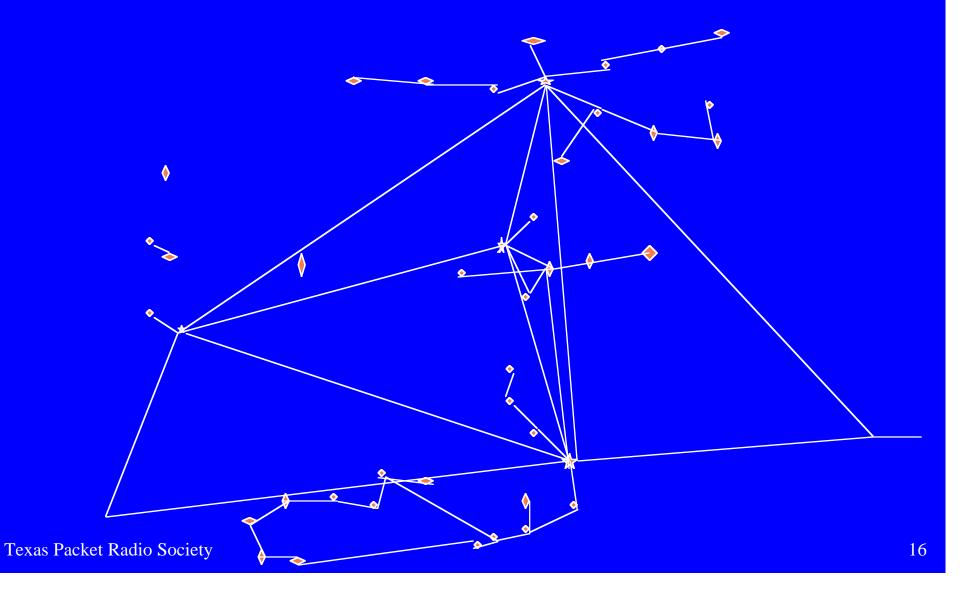
TexNet network layout - radio



TexNet with Wirelines



TexNet with internet addit



Network Economic Realities

- u New radio node cost \$500-\$2000 or more
- We might need 20 or more nodes, more than that for any redundancy
- u Maintenance problems increase dramatically
- u Reliability and throughput reduced
- u Crosses point of diminishing returns

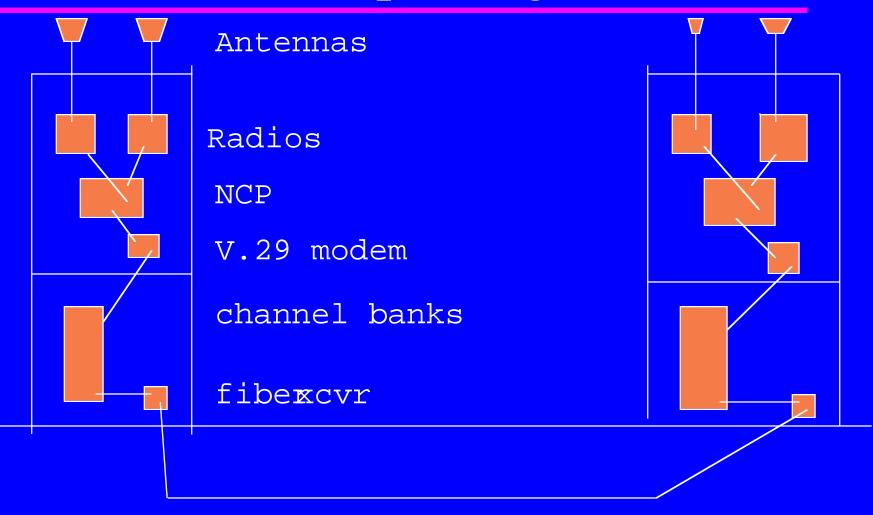
Reliability Issues

- u Radio or path can be unreliable also
- u Many nodes in series are unreliable
- u Switched networks unreliable
- u Increase reliability by redundancy
- u Increase reliability by use of different types of trunking in parallel
- u Re-routing issues

Relative reliability

- u Fiber optic leased circuits probably best
- u Good radio paths decent, but not best
- u Internet is pretty decent, lots of possible failure sites and modes under stress
- u Public switched circuits and cellular basically unreliable, and this is what makes demand for Amateurs in an emergency due to switching overload by demand.

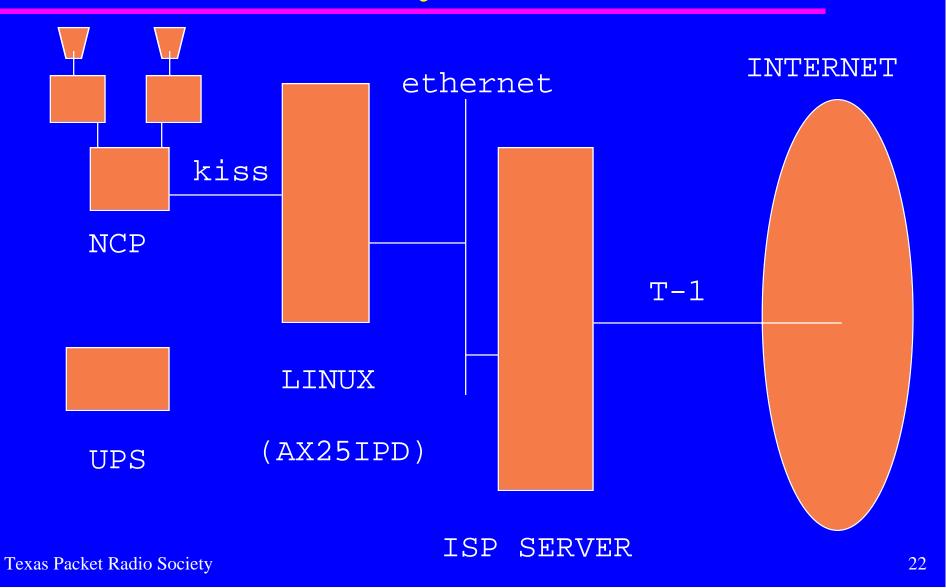
Wireline trunk paradigm



Wireline trunk requirements

- u Find a provider to donate service and sites
- u Find two or more sites with roof access
- u These sites have to be places we need
- u Sites have to be good RF locations
- u No fees or insurance demands
- u Useable service access for maintenance

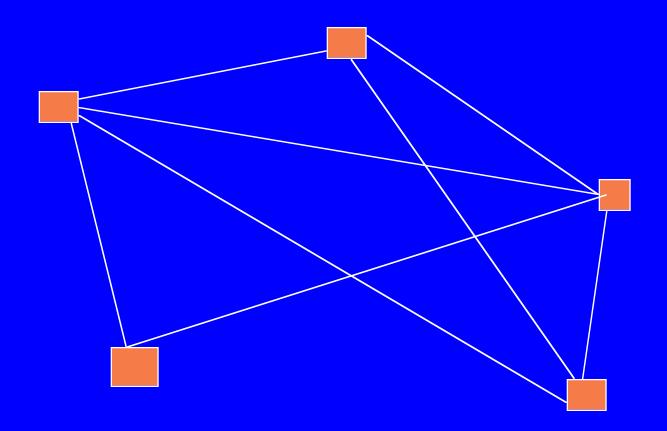
Internet Node layout



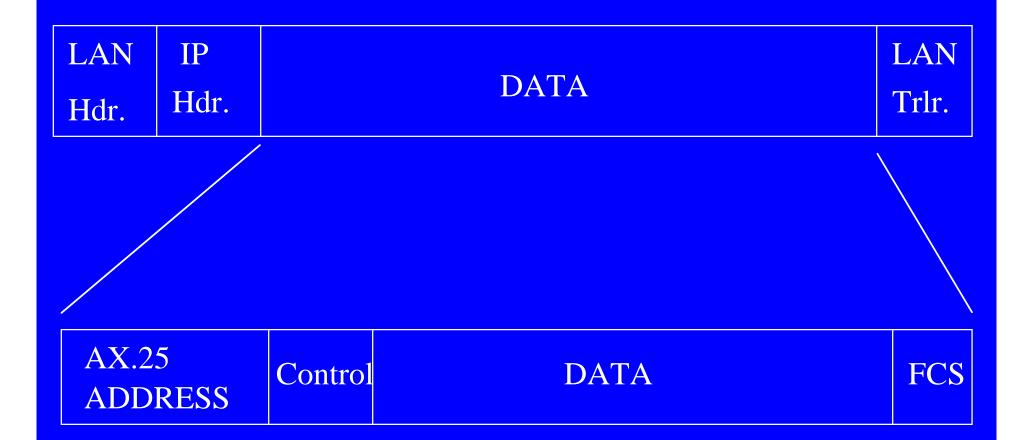
Internet Service Providers

- u Probably will be different in every locality
- u We want donated full time service
- u Service can be limited to one type protocol
- u We want to tie to ISP at ethernet speeds
- u We want the ISP to have T1 speed to net
- u We need some kind of RF access at site
- u UPS almost a necessity for our PC, etc.

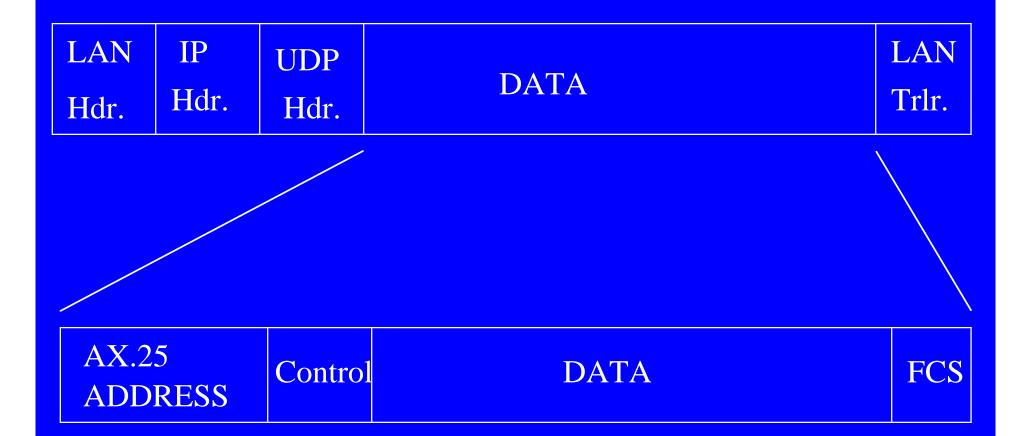
AX25IPD routing topology



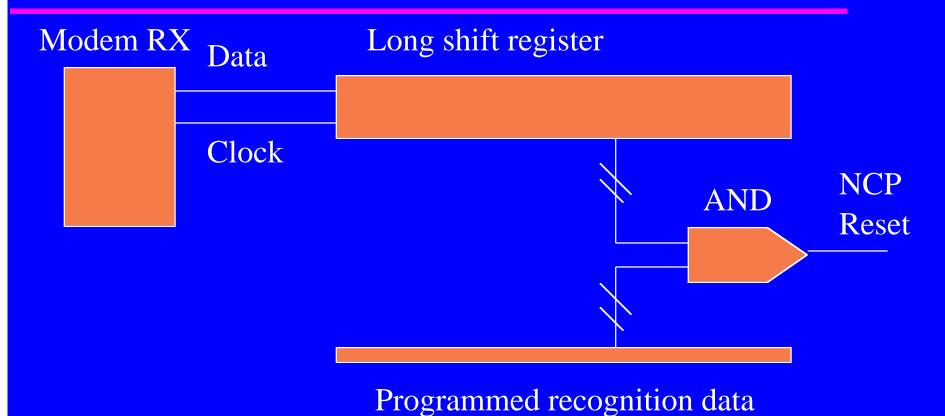
AX25IP Encapsulation- raw IP



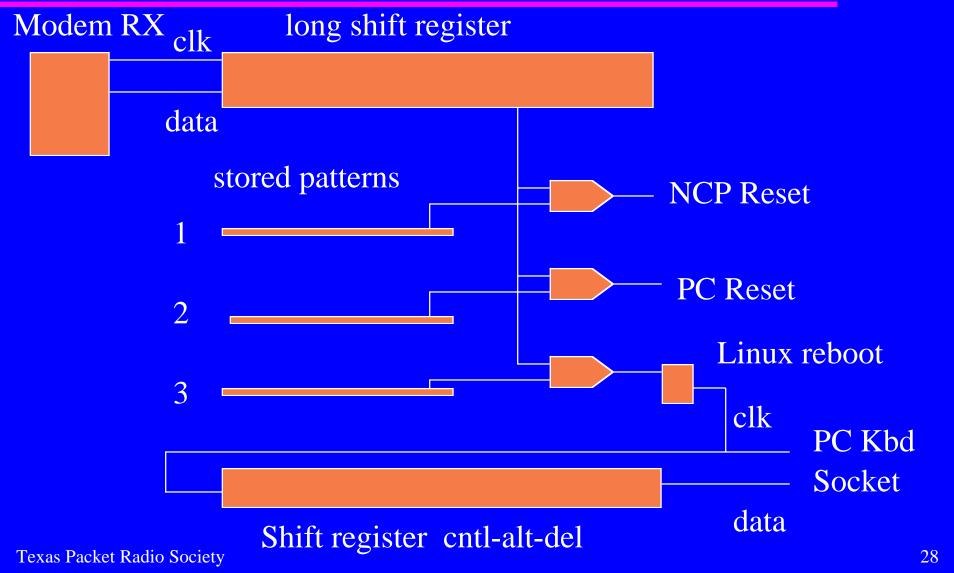
AX25IP Encapsulation - UDP/IP



Present Firecode Hardware



Internet Firecode Hardware Conceptual design



Internet Security Issues

- u Keep all internet hackers out of systems
- u Keep ham hackers out of TexNet internals
- u Keep non-ham people off the air
- u Allow for limited remote control by sysop
- u Measure and report stats and breakins
- u Allow for re-routing if network stressed

Internet Security Methods

- u Remove compilers, editors, ftp, etc
- u If we are behind a firewall, use it also
- u Use and change passwords on remote route
- u Automated file change surveillance
- u Automated suspicious port activity surv.
- u Deception responses from unused ports

LINUX

....FORQ'SHIGHER THAN 95...